



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Throttle Body Kleen™</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>Product Code</b>	No. 75078 (Item# 1006323)
<b>Recommended use</b>	Fuel-injection air intake cleaner
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	
<b>Manufactured or sold by:</b>	
<b>Company name</b>	CRC Canada Co.
<b>Address</b>	2-1246 Lorimar Drive Mississauga, Ontario L5S 1R2 Canada
<b>Telephone</b>	
<b>General Information</b>	905-670-2291
<b>24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)</b>	800-424-9300 (Canada) 703-527-3887 (International)
<b>Website</b>	www.crc-canada.ca
<b>E-mail</b>	Support.CA@crcindustries.com

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable aerosols Gases under pressure Physical hazards not otherwise classified	Category 1 Compressed gas Category 1
<b>Health hazards</b>	Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Aspiration hazard	Category 2 Category 2A Category 3 narcotic effects Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1 Category 1

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statement

#### Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

<b>Response</b>	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. Collect spillage.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Other hazards</b>	None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
n-heptane		142-82-5	15 - 40
3-methylhexane		589-34-4	10 - 30
acetone		67-64-1	7 - 13
methylcyclohexane		108-87-2	7 - 13
2-methylhexane		591-76-4	5 - 10
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear		426260-76-6	5 - 10
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	5 - 10
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.		64742-89-8	5 - 10
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	3 - 7
3-ethylpentane		617-78-7	1 - 5
3,3-dimethylpentane		562-49-2	0.5 - 1.5

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Extremely flammable aerosol.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

<b>Precautions for safe handling</b>	Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
<b>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</b>	Level 3 Aerosol.  Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	250 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	2050 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm 1640 mg/m3
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	400 ppm 2050 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm 1640 mg/m3
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	400 ppm 2050 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm 1640 mg/m3
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	400 ppm 2050 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm 1640 mg/m3
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	400 ppm 1800 mg/m3
	TWA	750 ppm 1200 mg/m3
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3
	TWA	30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	STEL	5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm 1610 mg/m3
	TWA	400 ppm

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)**

Components	Type	Value
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		400 ppm
	STEL	2050 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)		1640 mg/m3
	TWA	400 ppm
		1590 mg/m3
		400 ppm

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)**

Components	Type	Value
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	TWA	250 ppm
	STEL	15000 ppm
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	5000 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)**

Components	Type	Value
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	TWA	250 ppm
	STEL	30000 ppm
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	5000 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)**

Components	Type	Value
	TWA	400 ppm

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

Components	Type	Value
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)**

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3 1000 ppm
	TWA	1190 mg/m3 500 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
	TWA	30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	1610 mg/m3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	400 ppm 1590 mg/m3
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	400 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm
	TWA	1640 mg/m3 400 ppm
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	TWA	1590 mg/m3 400 ppm

**Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.
<b>Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Viton/butyl.
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Color</b>	Colorless.
<b>Odor</b>	Solvent.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-195.9 °F (-126.6 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	132.9 °F (56.1 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	18 °F (-7.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	1.1 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	12.8 % estimated
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	2763.4 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	0.78 estimated
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	539.6 °F (282 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Percent volatile</b>	94.5 % estimated

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.

<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Acids. Aldehydes. Alkalies. Amines. Ammonia. Halogens. Peroxides. Reducing agents. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon oxides.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**      Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**      May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 60 mg/l, 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg



Components	Species	Test Results
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>ACGIH Carcinogens</b>	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
<b>Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity</b>	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours		
4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours		
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)
1.5 mg/l, 48 hours		
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)
5.8 mg/l, 96 hours		
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia
Fish	LC50	Fish
1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours		
1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours		

Components	Species	Test Results
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
		8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.5 mg/l, 48 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

acetone	-0.24
methylcyclohexane	3.61
n-heptane	4.66

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 25000
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**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

**13. Disposal considerations**

**Disposal of waste from residues / unused products** Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Empty container can be recycled. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** Not regulated.

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. Transport information**

**TDG**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	80

**IATA**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	10L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Other information**

**Passenger and cargo aircraft** Allowed with restrictions.  
**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

**UN number** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name** AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 2  
**Subsidiary risk** -  
**Packing group** Not applicable.  
**Environmental hazards**  
**Marine pollutant** No.  
**EmS** Not available.  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.  
**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

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**15. Regulatory information****Canadian regulations**

**Canada. Excluded VOCs. Guidelines for Volatile Organic Compounds in Consumer Products. CEPA 1999. Environment Canada, as amended**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

**Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

Not regulated.

**Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)**

Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases**

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

**Ontario. Toxic Substances. Toxic Reduction Act, 2009. Regulation 455/09 (July 1, 2011)**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

**Precursor Control Regulations**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Class B

**International regulations**

**Stockholm Convention**

Not applicable.

**Rotterdam Convention**

Not applicable.

**Kyoto protocol**

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information

**Issue date** 04-18-2017

**Revision date** 08-25-2017

**Version #** 02

**Further information** CRC # 966A/1002979

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**Revision Information** Product and Company Identification: Product Codes  
Hazard(s) identification: Hazard statement  
Hazard(s) identification: GHS Symbols  
Composition/information on ingredients: Component information  
Exposure controls/personal protection: Hand protection  
Physical and chemical properties: Color  
Transport Information: Material Transportation Information  
Other information: Further information  
GHS: Classification